OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; 1/2 Level; Reopening) Light and sound, cue=good raise OR FG, jump=Minisplinter, jump raise=PRE 1 over 1 and 3 over 2 (free bid) $=$ F1

1NT OVERCALL (2nd/4th Live; Responses; Reopening) 15-18 HCP; System on

## JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)

1-suit: White VS red = PRE at 3-level, else intermedium, may be weak after partner pass, (1ヶ)-2 =weak
White: $(1 \mathrm{~m})-2 \varphi=$ PRE in $\vee$ or $\uparrow$, RED: WEAK
White: $(1 \mathrm{~m})-2+4+5+\mathrm{m}$, RED: WEAK
DIRECT AND JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Responses; Reopen)
(1m) $-2 \mathrm{~m}=$ Both $\mathrm{M}(5-5), 1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \mathrm{NT}=$ Two lowest unbid suits
(1M) $-2 \mathrm{M}=+$ other $\mathrm{M}(5-5)$
(1M) - $2 \mathrm{NT}=\mathrm{Two}$ highest suits (5-5),
(1M) $-3=$ Hvite=(5-5)in $m$, Red=Intermediate with $6+$ +
VS. NT (vs. Strong/ Weak; Reopening; PH)
DBL $=T / O, 2=$ Both $M-2 *$ ask for longest/best suit
$2 \star=$ OR $4+\& 5+\mathrm{m}, 2 \downarrow=4+\downarrow \& 5+\mathrm{m}, 2 \wedge=$ NAT
2NT= Both m OR Strong 2 -suiter
VS. PREEMPTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT bids)

## DBL=T/C

Cue=Ask for stopper at 3 -level, $2 / 3$-suiter at 4 -level

## VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS




## 2 - DBL $=M+m, 2 N T=\uparrow \geqslant+$

[Note 13]
OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE
1-level = F1
Majors: 2NT=10+ HCP w/SUPP, jump=Minisplinter
1- (DBL) - 2NT = both $m$, RDBL=10 + HCP

## LEADS AND SIGNALS

OPENING LEADS STYLE

|  | Lead | In Partner's suit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Suit | 3rd/5th (4th if too expencive) | 3rd/5th |
| NT | 3rd/5th (4th if too expencive) | $3 r d / 5$ th |
| Subseq | Count, may be attitude | Count, if support - attitude |

Against 5-level or higher contracts: Ace lead ask for attitude, King ask for count VS NT we may lead highest from a suit bid and supported
LEADS

| Lead | Vs. Suit |  |  | Vs. NT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ace | Ax(x), AKx(x), AKJ10(x) |  |  | Ax(x), AKx (x) |
| King | AK, KQx(x), KQ109(x) |  |  | KQx(x), AKJ10(x) |
| Queen | Qx, QJx(x), AQJx(x) |  |  | Qx, QJx(x), KQ109(x), AQJ(10)x |
| Jack | Jx, J10x(x), HJ10x |  |  | Jx, J10x(x), HJ10x |
| 10 | 10x, 109x(x), H109x |  |  | 10x, 109x(x), H109x |
| 9 | 9x 98x(x) |  |  | 9x, 98x(x) |
| Hi-x | Normally even number |  |  | Normally even number |
| Lo-x | Normally odd number |  |  | Normally odd number |
| SIGNALS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Partner's Lead | Declarer's Lead | Discarding |
| Suit | 1 | Encrg/Discrg | Count | Encrg/Discrg |
|  | 2 | S/P |  | Count |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |
| NT | 1 | Encrg/Discrg | Smith/Count | Encrg/Discrg |
|  | 2 | Count |  | Count |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |

Hi-low = Discrg/even number
Low-Hi = Encrg/odd number
In trump: May be suit preference or high low=odd

## DOUBLES

TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style; Response; Reopening)
Light and normal T/O
Cue=forcing

SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL AND COMPETITIVE (RE-)DOUBLES
Responsive through 4*
Cometitive through 4

## $1 \uparrow-(1 \varphi)-$ DBL $=$ NOT 4

Support DBL through 2\&, shows 3-card support
Lightner DBL

## WBF Convention Card

* $\downarrow$ *

Category: RED
NCBO: Norway
EVENT: 2003 BERMUDA BOWL
PLAYERS:
Terje AA
Glenn GROETHEIM

## SYSTEM SUMMARY

GENERAL APPROACH AND STYLE
VIKING PRECISION CLUB = Strong and 5(4)-card M with relays

1NT opening: 1st/2nd NV vs V: 9-11 HCP, may have $5 \mathrm{M} / 6 \mathrm{~m}$ other: 14-16 HCP, may have $5 \mathrm{M} / 6 \mathrm{~m}$

2 over 1 resp.: $1 \mathrm{M}-2 \boldsymbol{*}=$ any INV (10-12 HCP), $2 \star / \vee \mathrm{NF}$
$1-2-$ NAT F1
SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENCE
NV jump overcalls: (1m) - $\downarrow \downarrow=$ weak 2 in $\vee$ OR [Note 12]
(1m) $-2 \boldsymbol{2}=4+5+\mathrm{m}($ if $3+$ ) [Note 12]
[NOTE2
2*=4-8 HCP 5M+4m (5332NV) (NV vs VUL 2-8 HCP, 5M+(4M OR 4+m OR 332) $2 \vee 1 . \& 2$.Pos NV vs VUL $=6 \vee$ OR 4 +4 m OR Both $\mathrm{m} 4+/ 4+$ (all 0-8hcp) 2NT $=7$-11 HCP 2-suiter NOT $\uparrow$, 5-5(4) [Note 16]

VUL vs NV: $3 x=$ normal PRE, $3 N T=$ SOL $m$

## else: $3 \boldsymbol{*}=$ PRE in $\mathrm{OR} \downarrow$ [Note 17]

$3 \uparrow$ good PRE in $\vee$ OR [Note 18]
$3 \vee=$ bad PRE in $\vee$ OR $\pm$ [Note 19]
31 = SOL m [Note 20]
3NT = semiSOL m [Note 21]
1/2M -4 $=5$ in other $M+5+m$ GF
4 = SOL $\uparrow$, 3rd hand = PRE
SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES
1 M - (DBL) - 3NT = support in M and forcing pass after
$1 x-(D B L)-$ RDBL $=$ forcing sequences

## IMPORTANT NOTES THAT DON'T FIT ELSEWHERE

After our opening 1 $/ \leqslant / \vee / \mathbf{w e}$ wse transfer by the responder in some positions after opponents overcall through 2s. [NOTE 24]
After our opening 1NT and overcall, there are some specialities.
PSYCHICS: Openings: Rare, Other: Occasionally

|  | $\begin{array}{ll} T & A \\ 1 & A \\ C & R \\ K & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ F & F \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEG. } \\ & \text { DTRU } \\ & \text { THRU } \end{aligned}$ | DESCRIPTION | RESPONSES | SUBSEQUENT ACTION | PASSED HAND BIDDING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10． | $\checkmark$ | 0 | 7NT | 16＋HCP／playing tricks | 1 $\uparrow=0-8$ HCP，other $8+\mathrm{HCP}, 1 \downarrow=5+$ ¢ OR $15+$ HCP BAL | 1－1M，1＊／NT＝relay |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1＊－1＊1 $\mathbf{v}=20+\mathrm{HCP}$ |  |
| 1＊ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | 4 | 11－15 HCP | $1 \uparrow-1 \mathrm{~V}=$ NAT OR GF relay［Note 3］ | 1ヶ－1ヶ could be followed by relays［Note 7］ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 $\downarrow$－2M／3m＝9－11 HCP 6－card suit |  |  |
| 1v |  | 5（4） | 4＊ | 11－15 HCP，5（4）9－15NVvsV1．\＆2．Pos | 1NT＝GF relay， $2=$ any INV | 1ヶ－1NT could be followed by relays | 2－Drury，1NT＝6－11 HCP |
|  |  |  |  | May have 4－card in 3rd POS and | ［Note 4 and 8］ | 1ヶ－2＊， $2 \uparrow=$ waiting bid | Jump＝Minisplinter |
|  |  |  |  | 1st／2nd w／5＊ |  |  |  |
| 14 |  | 5（4） | 4 | Same as 1\％ | Same as 1v | Same as 1\％ | Same as 1v |
| 1 NT |  |  | 4 | 9－11 HCP 1st／2nd NV vs V | 2－way Stayman，2M＝tp［ $N$ ote 5 and 9］ | 1NT－2 $2 \uparrow-2 \boldsymbol{\downarrow}=$ both majors． 1 NT－2 could be followed by relays |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14－16 HCP all other POS | Stayman，TRF，2＝minor suit STAY［Note 14 and 15］ | 1NT－3x＝singleton |  |
|  |  |  |  | May have 5M or 6M all POS |  |  |  |
| 2＊ |  | 6 | 4＊ | 10－15 HCP，may have 4M | 2＊＝ART F1 | 2－2＊［Note 10 and 11］ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ［Note 6］ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | $\checkmark$ |  | 3 | 5M－4＋m（4M），3－8 HCP（2－8／7－11） | 2／3／4＝p／c，2＝NAT NF，3－t／p［NOTE23］ | 2＊－（DBL）－p－（p）－RDBL＝5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | NV：may have 5M332 |  | Rebid NT：NT－system on |  |
| $2 \vee$ | $\checkmark$ | 0 | 3 | 1．\＆2．Pos White vs Red0－6Hcp4＋4m | 2NT＝？，3／／＝p／c，2 | ［Note 22］ |  |
|  |  | 6 |  | or4＋／4＋m Or 6ヶ，Else Weak（3－9 HCP | 2NT／3＝ART F，2 $=$ NF | $2 \vee-3 v=$ PRE |  |
| 2 |  | 6 |  | Weak（3－9 HCP） | 2NT／3＝ART F | 2－3 -3 ＝PRE |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 NT | $\checkmark$ |  |  | 7－11 HCP 5＋－5＋（4）NOT＊ | 3 ＝ask for suits， $3 \star$ M／4＊M＝p／c［Note 16］ |  |  |
| 3 bids＿ |  | 7 |  | VUL vs NV：normal PRE | $3 *-3$ ask for g／b suit，3M＝NAT |  |  |
| 3NT | $\checkmark$ |  |  | Semisolid m［Note 21］ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | VUL vs NV：Solid m |  |  |  |
| 4＊ | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | SOL |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4＊ | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | SOL |  |  |  |
| 3 | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | PRE in OR | $3 * / 4 *=$／c［Note 17］ |  |  |
| 3 | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | Good PRE in $\vee$ OR |  | HIGH LEVEL BIDDING |  |
| 3 | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | Bad PRE in $\uparrow$ OR $\uparrow$ | ［Note 19］ | Roman Keycard Blackwood |  |
| 34 | $\checkmark$ | 0 |  | SOL m | ［Note 20］ | Splinter |  |
| 4NT |  |  |  | Ask for aces |  | Cue－bids |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Josephine／5NT |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Relays and asking bids |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Over our 5 －level contract：DBL＝1／3，pass＝0／2 aces（DIPO） |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway
Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 2D in all seat at All vulnerabilities
Shows: NV: 2-8HCP, 5M-4+m(4M(NV vs VOL), may have 5M332, VOL vs NV: 7-11HCP,
Detailed Description: VOL: Always 4+m
It's not mandatory to overcall all hands between 2-11 HCP.
It all depends on common sense, suit quality and vulnerability.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions



## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
$2 \mathrm{D}-(\mathrm{DBL})-$ pass $=$ Partner will pass with 4+ D
RDBL = Please bid M
2H/S = NAT NF
2 NT and higher $=$ System on
Responses after opponent's overcall:
2D - (bid) $\quad \mathrm{DBL}=$ negative through 3D
other $=$ NAT NF
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 \mathrm{D}-(\text { pass })-2 \mathrm{NT}-(\mathrm{DBL}): \text { pass } & =1^{\text {st }} \text { step } \\
\text { RDBL } & =2^{\text {nd }} \text { step } \\
3 \mathrm{C} & =3^{\text {rd }} \text { step } \\
3 D & =4^{\text {th }} \text { step and continuing. }
\end{aligned}
$$

2D - (pass) - Any - (DBL): Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
$2 \mathrm{D}-$ (pass) - 2NT - (bid): $\quad \begin{array}{ll}\text { pass } & =1^{\text {st }} \text { step } \\ \text { DBL } & =2^{\text {nd }} \text { step and continuing. }\end{array}$
2D - (pass) - Any - (bid): Natural, common sense.

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of $2 \mathrm{H} \quad$ In $\quad 1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }} \quad$ seat at $\quad$ Non-vulnerable vs Vulnerable
Shows: $\quad 0-6 \mathrm{HCP}, 4 \mathrm{~S}+4 \mathrm{~m}$ OR 4+/4+m OR 6H(2-8HCP)
Detailed Description:
BAL/semiBAL never contains 5-card major
BAL/semiBAL may include any 4441/5422(no 5-card M)
It's NOT mandatory to open 2 H with all 0-6 BAL/semiBAL hands.
We have NO agreement on what hands we open or not.
Tactical considerations (if we want a swing board or not) will be made.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
All hands that guesses partner has hearts, weak hands, common sense.
Meanings of other responses and rebids:
$2 \mathrm{H}-\quad 2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{NAT} \mathrm{NF}$
2NT $=20-22$ HCP BAL
3C = ART F1
3D = NAT NF
3M = NAT INV

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
$2 \mathrm{H}-(\mathrm{DBL})-\quad$ pass $=$ to play against 6 H RDBL = Strong, 18+ HCP if BAL
$2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{NAT} \mathrm{NF}$
2NT = ART F1
$3 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{NAT} \mathrm{NF}$
3M = NAT INV
Responses after opponent's overcall:
Negative DBL trough 3S, natural NF, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:
$2 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-3 \mathrm{C}-(\mathrm{DBL}):$ pass $=1^{\text {st }}$ step RDBL $=2^{\text {nd }}$ step
$3 \mathrm{D}=3^{\text {rd }}$ step and continuing.
2 H - (pass) - Any - (bid): Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
2 H - (pass) -3 C - (bid): pass $=1^{\text {st }}$ step
DBL $=2^{\text {nd }}$ step and continuing.
2H - (pass) - Any - (bid): Natural, common sense.

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway
Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 2 NT in all seat at all vulnerability
Shows: $\quad 7-11 \mathrm{HCP}, 5+-5+(4)$ NOT clubs
Detailed Description:
It's not mandatory to open all hands between 7-11 HCP.
It all depends on common sense, suit quality and vulnerability.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
Meanings of other responses and rebids:

| $2 \mathrm{NT}-3 \mathrm{C}$ | $=$ ask |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 D | $=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{H} ; 3 \mathrm{H}=$ INV, 3S=NAT F, 4C=slam try H, 4D=slam try D |
| 3 H | $=\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{S} ; 4 \mathrm{C}=$ slam try H, 4D=slam try S |
| 3 S | $=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{S} ; 4 \mathrm{C}=$ slam try S, 4D=slam try $\mathrm{D}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{p}$ |

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
2NT - (DBL) - RDBL = to play
$3 \mathrm{~m} \quad=$ to play
3M = to play
pass = ask for suits; RDBL=D+H, 3C=H+S, 3D=D+S
Responses after opponent's overcall:
$\begin{aligned} 2 \mathrm{NT}-\text { (any suit) }-\mathrm{DBL} & =\mathrm{PEN} \\ 3 \mathrm{DHS} & =\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c} \\ 4 \mathrm{DHS} & =\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}\end{aligned}$
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:
2NT - (p) - 3C - (DBL)
pass = D+H
RDBL $=\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{S}$
3D $=D+S$
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
Natural, common sense.

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 3C in all seat at all except VUL vs NV
Shows: PRE in C or D
Detailed Description:

It's not mandatory to open all hands that fit the bid.
It all depends on common sense, suit quality and vulnerability.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
All hands that guesses partner has clubs, weak hands, common sense.
Meanings of other responses and rebids:

| $3 \mathrm{C}-\quad 3 \mathrm{D}$ | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| 3 H | $=$ ask for suit; $3 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{NT}=\mathrm{D}$ |
| 3 S | $=$ NAT F |
| $4 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{D}$ | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| 5 C | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
3C - (DBL) - pass = p/c
RDBL = at least INV G
3D = NAT NF
3M = NAT NF
4C $\quad=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4D = NAT NF
Responses after opponent's overcall:
Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:
$3 \mathrm{C}-$ (pass) $-3 \mathrm{H}-(\mathrm{DBL})-$ pass $=\mathrm{C}$
RDBL = D
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
3C - (pass) - 3H - (bid) - pass = C

$$
\mathrm{DBL}=\mathrm{D}
$$

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway
Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 3 D in All seat at All except VUL vs NV
Shows: Good PRE in H or S
Detailed Description:

To be used instead of $3 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S}$ as natural.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
Meanings of other responses and rebids:
3D-3M = p/c
4C = ask for suit; 4D=H, 4H=S
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=$ to play

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
3D - (DBL) - pass = ASK for suit
RDBL = at least INV G
3M $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{C}=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=$ to play
Responses after opponent's overcall:
Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:
$\begin{aligned} 3 D-\text { (pass) }-4 C-(D B L)-\text { pass } & =H \\ \text { RDBL } & =\mathrm{S}\end{aligned}$
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
3D - (pass) - 4C - (bid) - pass $=\mathrm{H}$
DBL $=\mathrm{S}$

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 3 H in all seat at All except VUL vs NV
Shows: Bad PRE in H or S
Detailed Description:

It's not mandatory to open all hands with bad H or S.
It all depends on common sense and vulnerability.

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
All hands that guesses partner has hearts, weak hands, common sense.
Meanings of other responses and rebids:

| $3 \mathrm{H}-\quad 3 \mathrm{~S}$ | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 4 C | $=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$ |
| 4 H | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| 4 S | $=$ to play |

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL $\quad$ (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)

| $3 \mathrm{H}-(\mathrm{DBL})-\quad$ pass | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| RDBL | $=$ at least INV G |
| 3 S | $=$ NAT NF |
| 4 C | $=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$ |
| 4 H | $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$ |
| 4 S | $=$ to play |

Responses after opponent's overcall:
Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:
$3 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-4 \mathrm{C}-(\mathrm{DBL})-$ pass $=\mathrm{H}$
RDBL $=S$
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
3H - (pass) - 4C - (bid) - pass = H
DBL $=\mathrm{S}$

## BROWN STICKER OPENING BID ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

Names: Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM
Country: Norway
Event: 2003 Bermuda Bowl
Opening bid of 3 S in all seat at all except VUL vs NV
Shows: Solid minor
Detailed Description:

To be used instead of 3NT(gambling).

## Responses and Rebids in Uncontested auctions

With what hands will responder pass the opening bid?
Meanings of other responses and rebids:
3S - 3NT = to play
$4 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4D = ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{D}$
4M = to play
$4 \mathrm{NT}=$ ask for length; 5C=7, 5D=8, 5H=9
5C = p/c

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
3S - (DBL) - 3NT = to play
4C = p/c
$4 \mathrm{D}=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{D}$
$4 \mathrm{M}=$ to play
$4 \mathrm{NT}=$ ask for length; $5 \mathrm{C}=7,5 \mathrm{D}=8,5 \mathrm{H}=9$
5C $=p / c$
Responses after opponent's overcall:
Natural, common sense.
Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand DBLs the response:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3 \mathrm{~S}-(\text { pass })-4 \mathrm{D}-(\mathrm{DBL})-\text { pass }=\mathrm{C} \\
\mathrm{RDBL}=\mathrm{D}
\end{array}
$$

Rebids after $4^{\text {th }}$ hand overcalls:
3S - (pass) - 4D - (bid) - pass $=\mathrm{C}$
DBL $=\mathrm{D}$

## BROWN STICKER OVERCALL ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

This form is to be completed and sent, by email, to anna@ecats.co.uk in accordance with the Supplemental Conditions of Contest for the event

| Names: | Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Country: Norway | Event: | 2003 Bermuda Bowl |  |
| After opponents opening bid of | 1 m | showing $3+$ |  |
| Our overcall of 2Hearts |  | at | Non-vulnerable |
| Shows: Weak in H or S |  |  |  |
| Applies: All the time |  |  |  |
| Detailed Description: |  |  |  |

It's not mandatory to overcall all hands between 3-9 HCP. It all depends on common sense, suit quality and vulnerability.

## Responses and Rebids When Responder Passes

With what hands will advancer pass the overcall?
All hands that guesses partner has hearts, weak hands, common sense.
Meanings of other advances and follow ups:
(1m) $-2 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-2 \mathrm{NT}=$ asking
3C $=\mathrm{S}$
$3 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}$ and Maximum
3H $=\mathrm{H}$ and Minimum
(1m) $-2 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-2 \mathrm{~S}=$ NAT NF
$3 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{C}$

## Competitive Agreements

Responses after opponent's DBL (including Pass, RDBL and expected follow-ups)
All bids = natural NF
Responses after opponent's bid:
Negative DBL through 3S, natural NF
Rebids after opener DBLs the overcall (1X)-2Y-(P)-P-(DBL)-?
Pass = H
$2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{S}$
Rebids after opener DBLs advancer's bid:
(1m) $-2 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-2 \mathrm{NT}-(\mathrm{DBL})-$ Pass $=\mathrm{H}$

$$
\mathrm{RDBL}=\mathrm{S}
$$

Rebids after opener's suit rebid:
(1m) $-2 \mathrm{H}-$ (pass) $-2 \mathrm{NT}-(3 \mathrm{~m})-$ Pass $=\mathrm{H}$

$$
\text { DBL }=S
$$

## Supplementary notes file Terje AA - Glenn GROETHEIM (NORWAY)

Note:..1: 1C opening bid<br>1C - 1D: 0-8 HCP<br>1H: 8+ HCP, and 5+S or 15+ HCP BAL<br>1S: 8+ HCP, and 5+H<br>1NT:9-14 HCP, BAL<br>2C: $8+\mathrm{HCP}$, and 5+D<br>2D: $8+\mathrm{HCP}$, and 5+C<br>$2 \mathrm{H}: 8+\mathrm{HCP}$, and $5-4$ or $4-5$ in the minors<br>2S: 8-11 HCP, BAL 5-3-3-2 with a minor suit<br>2NT:12+ HCP, 4-4-4-1 any singelton<br>3C: 8-11 HCP,4-4-4-1 with major singelton<br>3D: 8-11 HCP,4-4-4-1 with minor singelton<br>3H: AKQxxxx (x) in any suit

Note:..2: Subsequent auction
1C - 1D
$1 \mathrm{H}=$ At least 20 HCP
1 NT $=16 / 17-19 \mathrm{HCP}$

| 1C-2C/2D |
| :--- |
| $2 \mathrm{D} / 2 \mathrm{H}$ |$=$ Relay

1C-2H
$2 \mathrm{~S} \quad=$ Relay
In general: After all answers we can continue with relays.

Note:..3: 1D opening bid
1D - $\quad 1 \mathrm{H}=$ Either natural or forcing to game
1S = Natural and forcing
1NT= 6-11 HCP
2C/2D= Natural and forcing
$2 \mathrm{H} / 2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{NAT} 6+\& 9-11 \mathrm{HCP}$, Invitational
2NT= Invitational
3C/3D= NAT 6+ \& 9-11 HCP, Invitational
$3 \mathrm{H} / 3 \mathrm{~S}=$ Invitational
After the 1D-1H sequence we can go on with relays.

Note:..4: 1H/1S opening bid
$1 \mathrm{H} / 1 \mathrm{~S}-1 \mathrm{NT}=$ Forcing to game, if we go on with relays we can get the exact distribution.
$2 \mathrm{C}=$ Any invitational hand
2D = Natural and not forcing
$2 \mathrm{H}=(1 \mathrm{~S}):$ Natural and not forcing
(1H): Normal support
$2 \mathrm{~S}=(1 \mathrm{H}): 9-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ and normally a 6 carder INV
(1S): Normal support
$2 \mathrm{NT}=$ Invitational support with a single/void. 3C = relay
3C = Invitational with $C$ and the other major
$3 D=$ Invitational with $D$ and the other major
After opening in 3rd and 4th seat, we use 2C as DRURY FIT + miniSPL.

Note:..5: 1 NT opening bid
9-11 HCP 1st and 2nd seat not vulnerable against vulnerable.
14-16 HCP else.
May have 5-card major or 6-card minor
9-11:
1NT - 2C = Weak with the majors, or any invitational hand.
2D = FG. Could be followed by relays.
$2 \mathrm{H} / 2 \mathrm{~S}=$ To play.
2 NT = Ask opener to bid 3C.
$3 x \quad=$ Singelton and F1
14-16:
Stayman and transfer bids, see note 14.

## Note:..6: 2 C opening bid

2C - 2D = Artificial, and ask opner to discribe his hand. Could be followed by relays.
$2 \mathrm{H} / 2 \mathrm{~S}=5-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ and at least a 5 card suit.
2NT = Invitational
3C = Normal support
3D = At least a 6 card suit and invitational.
$3 \mathrm{H} / 3 \mathrm{~S}=$ Invitational with 6 card suit.
$4 \mathrm{C}=$ Preemptive

Note:..7: Subsequent auction after some opening bids in system:
Strong C with relays - Relay structure
In gereral: In relay sequences we first get the exact distribution.
Then we can continue relays to first get the aces, then the kings and queens.
Some of the most usual relays:
Relays after 1D opening bid:
1D - 1H = Either natural or FG
$1 \mathrm{~S} \quad=4 \mathrm{~S}$, not $4 \mathrm{H}(2 \mathrm{C}$ relay, FG$)$
1NT = Balanced with no 4 card major (2C relay, FG)
$2 \mathrm{C} \quad=$ Both minors, minimum 5-4/4-5 (2D relay, FG)
2D $\quad=$ Onesuiter, $6+\mathrm{D}(2 \mathrm{~S}$ relay, FG$)$
$2 \mathrm{H} \quad=4 \mathrm{H}(2 \mathrm{~S}$ relay, FG$)$
$2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{MAX}, 4-4-4-1$ with 4 H (2NT relay for singelton
2 NT $=$ MAX, 6+D (3C relay, FG)
3C $\quad=$ At least 10 cards in minors, MAX (Next bid natural)
3D $\quad=$ MAX, 6+D (Next bid natural)
$3 \mathrm{H} / 4 \mathrm{H} \quad=$ Both bids show a good hand with at least 4 H and 5 D
An example:

## 1D

1H-1NT = BAL, no 4 card major
$2 \mathrm{C}-2 \mathrm{NT}=5 \mathrm{C}, 5-3-3-24 \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{C}=2$ queens of
$3 \mathrm{C}-3 \mathrm{H} \quad=3-2-3-5$ (doubleton H ) same colour
3S-3NT $=1$ or 4 ace(s)
$4 \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{D}=1$ or 3 king(s)
$4 \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{C}=2$ queens of same colour

Note:..8: Relays after 1H/1S (1X) opening bid:

| 1X - | = FG |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2C | = MAX (2D new relay) |
| 2D | $=$ MIN, a second suit in minor (2H relay) May also have 4 card in the major and 5C MIN/MAX |
| 2H | = MIN, BAL or a second suit in major (2S relay) |
| 2 NT | $=\mathrm{MIN}$, at least 6X and 4 in a minor (3C relay) |
| 3C | = Exactly 5X and 5C, MAX (3D relay) |
| 3D | = Exactly 5X and 5D, MAX (3H relay) |
| 3H | = MIN, at least 6X and 5C (3S relay) |
| 3S | $=$ MIN, at least 6X and 5D (4C relay) |
| 3 NT | $=\mathrm{MIN}$, at least 6-5 in majors (4C relay) |

The same structure is used after $1 \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{H} / 1 \mathrm{~S}$, except $1 \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{H}, 1 \mathrm{~S}-1 \mathrm{NT}=15+$, BAL

Note:..9: Relays after 1NT opening bid 9-11 HCP:

| 1NT - 2D | = FG |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 H | = 4/5H (2S relay) |
| 2S | $=4 / 5 \mathrm{~S}$, not 4 H (2NT relay) |
| 2 NT | = No 4 card major or 5 card minor, but may have 6 m (3C relay) |
| 3C | = 5C, 5-3-3-2 (3D relay for doubleton) |
| 3D | = 5D, 5-3-3-2 (3H relay for doubleton) |
| 3H | = 2-2-4-5 distribution (3S relay for aces) |
| 3S | = 2-2-5-4 distribution (4C relay for aces) |
| 3NT | $=3334$ |

Note:..10: Relays after 2C opening bid:
2C - 2D = Relay, not FG
$2 \mathrm{H}=4 \mathrm{H}$ and 6 C (2S relay, FG)
$2 \mathrm{~S}=4 \mathrm{~S}$ and 6C (2NT relay, FG)
$2 N T=6 C$, MAX (3D relay, FG)
3C = 6+C, MIN (3D relay, FG)
$3 D=6+C$ and 4D, MAX (3H relay, FG)
$3 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{A} 7-3-2-1$ hand, MAX (3S relay for singelton)
$3 \mathrm{~S}=3307, \mathrm{MAX}$ and void in D. 4C = relay for aces
3NT $=2-2-2-7$ distribution (4C relay for aces)
$4 C=3037$, MAX and void in H. 4D = relay for aces
$4 \mathrm{D}=0337, \mathrm{MAX}$ and void in in S. 4H = relay for aces

## Note:..11: An example:

2D - $\quad 3 \mathrm{C}=6+\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{MIN}$
3D - $\quad 3 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{A} 6-3-3-1$ hand
$3 \mathrm{~S}-\quad 3 \mathrm{NT}=3-3-1-6$ distribution (singelton D )
4 C - $\quad 4 \mathrm{H}=0$ or 3 ace(s)
4 S - $\quad 4 \mathrm{NT}=1$ or 4 king(s)
$5 \mathrm{D}=$ relay for queens
$6 \mathrm{C}=$ To play
$5 \mathrm{H}=$ relay for which king(s)

Note:.. 12: JUMP OVERCALLS
1C - $\quad 2 \mathrm{C}=5-5$ in both majors and a nice opening hand
2D = Weak
2H = VUL: Weak 2 in H
NonVUL: Weak 2 in either H or S
$2 S=$ VUL: Weak 2 in S
NonVUL: 4S and a longer minorsuit (shows D if the opening is $3+C$ )
1D - $2 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{VUL}$. Weak 2 in H
NonVUL: Weak 2 in either H or S
2S = VUL: Weak 2 in S
NonVUL: 4 S and a longer m (shows C if the opening is $3+\mathrm{D}$ )

Note:..13: VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS
Yeslek against strong 1C/1D and in 3/4 hand nonVUL against 1C like the Polish C:
DBL = D or H and S
1D $=\mathrm{H}$ or S and C
$1 H=S$ or $C$ and $D$
$1 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{C}$ or D and H
1NT = C + H or D + S (15-18 HCP, BAL VS Polish C)
2C $=\mathrm{D}$ or H and S
$2 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}$ or S and C
$2 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$ or C and D
$2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{C}$ or D and H
$2 N T=C+H$ or $D+S$
$3 X=6$-card, at least AQJ10xx
With strong hands, we pass first round and act after.

## Note:. 14: 14 -16 HCP

1NT - 2C = STAYMAN,COULD BE FOLLOWED BY RELAY
2D/H = TRANSFER ,MAY BE STRONG
$2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{MINORSTAYMAN} \mathrm{CAN} \mathrm{BE} \mathrm{WEAK} \mathrm{IN} \mathrm{A} \mathrm{MINOR}$
2NT = SHOWS A WEAK DOUBLETON, INVITATIONAL; 3C = RELAY
3CDHS =SINGELTON ,MAY HAVE 1336 AND SLAMINTEREST
4C/D = TRANSFER TO H/S
SPECIAL,
1NT - 2D
2H $-2 \mathrm{~S}=$ EITHER 4 S AND 5 H OR 5H (OFTEN 5332) AND WEAK DOUBLETON . 2NT = RELAY

Note:..15: 1NT - opponents show a major; we use transfer bidding
1NT -2H
2NT = LEBENSOHL
3C = D AND AT LEAST INVITATIONAL
3D = ASK FOR STOPPER IN H
3H = S AND AT LEAST INVITATIONAL
$3 S=$ C AND AT LEAST INVITATIONAL

```
Note:..16: 2NT opening, 2-suiter D/H/S 5+5+(4)
2NT - 3C = ask
3D = D+H; 3H=INV, 3S=NAT F, 4C=slam try H, 4D=slam try D
3H = H+S; 4C=slam try H, 4D=slam try S
3S = D+S; 4C=slam try S, 4D=slam try D, 4H=t/p
```

```
2NT - (DBL) - RDBL = to play
```

2NT - (DBL) - RDBL = to play
$3 \mathrm{~m}=$ to play
$3 \mathrm{~m}=$ to play
3M = to play
3M = to play
pass = ask for suits; RDBL=D+H, 3C=H+S, 3D=D+S

```
    pass = ask for suits; RDBL=D+H, 3C=H+S, 3D=D+S
```

2NT - (p) - 3C - (DBL)
pass $=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{H}$
RDBL $=\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{S}$
$3 D=D+S$
$2 N T-$ (any suit) - DBL $=$ PEN
3DHS $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4DHS $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$

Note:...17: 3C opening = PRE in C of D

```
3C- 3D = p/c
    3H = ask for suit; 3S=C, 3NT=D
    3S = NAT F
    4C/D = p/c
    5C = p/c
3C-(DBL)- pass = p/c
    RDBL = at least INV G
    3D = NAT NF
    3M = NAT NF
    4C = p/c
    4D = NAT NF
```

Note:...18: 3D opening = good PRE in H or S
3D - 3M = p/c
$4 \mathrm{C}=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=$ to play
3D - (DBL) - pass = ASK for suit
RDBL = at least INV G
$3 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4C = ask for suit; 4D=H, 4H=S
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=$ to play

Note:...19: 3H opening = bad PRE in H or S
3 H - $3 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{C}=$ ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=$ to play
$3 \mathrm{H}-(\mathrm{DBL})$ - pass $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
RDBL = at least INV G
3S = NAT NF
4C = ask for suit; $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{S}$
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4S = to play

Note:...20: 3S opening = solid minor
$3 S$ - (pass/DBL) - $3 N T$ = to play
4C $=\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{c}$
4D = ask for suit; 4H=C, 4S=D
4M = to play
4NT = ask for length; $5 \mathrm{C}=7,5 \mathrm{D}=8,5 \mathrm{H}=9$
5C = p/c

Note:...21: 3NT opening = semisolid minor
Suit quality: AQJ/AKJ

Note:...22: 2 H opening $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ NV vs VUL weak w/6H OR 0-6 HCP BAL/semiBAL
BAL/semiBAL never contains 5-card major
BAL/semiBAL may include any 4441/5422(no 5-card M)
It's NOT mandatory to open 2 H with all 0-6 BAL/semiBAL hands.
We have NO agreement on what hands we open or not.
Tactical considerations (if we want a swing board or not) will be made.

| $2 \mathrm{H}-2 \mathrm{~S}$ | = NAT NF |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2NT | $=20-22 \mathrm{HCP}$ BAL |
| 3C | = ART F1 |
| 3D | = NAT NF |
| 3M | = NAT INV |
| $2 \mathrm{H}-(\mathrm{DBL})-$ | pass = to play against 6 H |
|  | RDBL = Strong, 18+ HCP if BAL |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~S}=$ NAT NF |
|  | 2NT = ART F1 |
|  | $3 \mathrm{~m}=$ NAT NF |
|  | $3 \mathrm{M}=$ NAT INV |

Note:...23: 2D opening, NV: 2-8HCP, VOL: 4-8HCP, VOLvsNV 7-11HCP 5M-4+m(4M(NVvsVOL), NV may have 5M332

2D - $2 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{C}$
2S = NAT NF
2NT = Relay, F
3C = NAT NF
3D = INV wtih at least 6 card $H$
3H = PRE P/C
3S = INV wtih at least 6 card $S$
3NT = TO PLAY
4C/D = NAT PRE
$4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{C}$
$4 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{TO}$ PLAY
$2 \mathrm{D}-(\mathrm{DBL})-\quad$ pass $=$ Partner will pass with 4+ D
RDBL = Please bid M
$2 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S}=\mathrm{NAT} \mathrm{NF}$
2NT and higher = System on

2D - (bid) $\quad$ DBL $=$ negative through 3D other = NAT NF
$2 \mathrm{D}-$ (pass) $-2 \mathrm{NT}-(\mathrm{DBL}):$ pass $=1^{\text {st }}$ step RDBL $=2^{\text {nd }}$ step 3C $=3^{\text {rd }}$ step 3D $\quad=4^{\text {th }}$ step and continuing.

2 D - (pass) - Any - (DBL): Natural, common sense.

2D - (pass) - 2NT - (bid): pass $=1^{\text {st }}$ step
DBL $=2^{\text {nd }}$ step and continuing.

2D - (pass) - Any - (bid): Natural, common sense.

Note:...24: 1C/D/H/S opening and opponents overcall through 2C.
1NT opening and opponents overcall.

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 \mathrm{C}-(1 \mathrm{D})-\text { Pass } & =6-8 \mathrm{HCP} \text { or } \mathrm{D} \\
\text { DBL } & =0-5 \mathrm{HCP} \\
\text { Others } & =\text { System on }
\end{aligned}
$$

```
\(1 \mathrm{C}-(1 \mathrm{H})-\) Pass \(=6-8 \mathrm{HCP}\) or H
    DBL \(=0-5 \mathrm{HCP}\)
    \(1 \mathrm{~S}=5+\mathrm{S} 8+\mathrm{HCP}\)
    1NT \(=9+\) HCP bal with stopper
    2C \(=5+\mathrm{D} 8+\mathrm{HCP}\)
    \(2 \mathrm{D}=5+\mathrm{S} 6-7 \mathrm{HCP}\)
    \(2 \mathrm{H}=9+\mathrm{HCP}\) bal without stopper
    \(2 \mathrm{~S}=5+\mathrm{C} 8+\mathrm{HCP}\)
    3any = Natural, slamtry
```

1C $-(1 \mathrm{~S})-$ Pass $=6-8 \mathrm{HCP}$ or S
DBL $=0-5 \mathrm{HCP}$
1NT $=9+$ HCP bal with stopper
$2 \mathrm{C}=5+\mathrm{D} 8+\mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{D}=5+\mathrm{H} 6+\mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{H}=5+\mathrm{C} 8+\mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{~S}=9+\mathrm{HCP}$ bal without stopper
3any = Natural, slamtry
$1 \mathrm{C}-(2 \mathrm{C})-$ Pass $=6-8 \mathrm{HCP}$ or C
DBL $=0-5 \mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{D}=5+\mathrm{H} 6+\mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{H}=5+\mathrm{S} 6+\mathrm{HCP}$
$2 \mathrm{~S}=5+\mathrm{D} 8+\mathrm{HCP}$
2NT $=9+$ HCP with stopper
3C $=4-4-4-1$ and $8+\mathrm{HCP}$
3D/H/S = Natural, slamtry
1D $-(1 \mathrm{H})-\mathrm{DBL}=$ Negative
$1 \mathrm{~S}=4+\mathrm{S}$
1NT $=6-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ bal with stopper
2C $=5+D$
$2 \mathrm{D}=5+\mathrm{C}$
$2 \mathrm{H}=$ ask for stopper
$2 \mathrm{~S}=6+\mathrm{S} 9-11 \mathrm{HCP}$
3C/D/S = Natural, slamtry
1D-(1S) - DBL $=$ Negative
1NT $=6-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ bal with stopper
$2 \mathrm{C}=5+\mathrm{D}$
$2 \mathrm{D}=5+\mathrm{H}$
$2 \mathrm{H}=5+\mathrm{C}$
$2 \mathrm{~S}=$ ask for stopper
3C/D/H = Natural, slamtry

```
1D - (2C) - DBL = Negative
                2D = 5+H
    2H = 5+S
    2S = 5+D
    2NT = invitational with stopper
    3C = ask for stopper
    3D/H/S = Natural, slamtry
1H-(1S)-2C/D = Natural
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```
1S = (2C) - 2D = 5+H
    2H}=5+
1NT - (2C[both M]) - 2D/H = Natural, NF
            2S = 5+C at least invitaional
            2NT = Invitational
            3C = 5+D at least invitational
            3D = ask for H stopper
            3H = ask for S stopper
1NT - (2H) - 2S = To play
            2NT = invitaional
            3C = 5+D at least invitational
            3D = ask for H stopper
            3H = 5+S at least invitational
            3S = C and GF
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```
1NT-(2S)- 2NT = invitaional
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1NT-(2S)- 2NT = invitaional
3C = 5+D at least invitational
3C = 5+D at least invitational
3D = 5+H at least invitational
3D = 5+H at least invitational
3H = ask for S stopper
3H = ask for S stopper
3S = C and GF

```
    3S = C and GF
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